

Paraconsistent Constructive Modal Logic

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Joint work with **Daniil Kozhemiachenko** and **Nicola Olivetti**

Czech Gathering of Logicians & Beauty of Logic @ Prague, 4th Feb, 2026

Paraconsistent reasoning and contradictory beliefs

Example

Assume that someone believes that Moon landings did not happen $\Box \sim m$ and because of that, there cannot be reflectors on the Moon $\Box(\sim m \rightarrow \sim r)$. On the other hand, they believe that the laser beam emitted towards the Moon is reflected $\Box l$ and that can happen only because there are some reflectors $\Box(l \rightarrow r)$. Thus, they believe in $r \wedge \sim r$.

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In a paraconsistent setting, contradictory beliefs or obligations are possible.

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How to consider constructive modal logic in a paraconsistent setting?

In this work, we aim to define paraconsistent counterpart(s) of CK with all the features as N4.

Constructive Modal Logic CK

A CK *model* is a quadrupole $\mathfrak{M} = \langle W, \leq, R, V \rangle$ where

- $W \neq \emptyset$, \leq is a preorder on W and R a binary relation
- $V : \text{Prop} \rightarrow 2^W$ s.t. $w \in V(p)$ and $w \leq w'$ imply $w' \in V(p)$

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$$\mathfrak{M}, w \Vdash \Box\phi \iff \forall w' \geq w \forall w'' \in R(w') : \mathfrak{M}, w'' \Vdash \phi$$

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Axiomatization of CK

- IPC, Nec
- $\Box(\phi \rightarrow \psi) \rightarrow (\Box\phi \rightarrow \Box\psi)$
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Based on CK and \sim , we can get several systems of increasing strength via the relations between the two modal operators \Box , \Diamond and their strong-negative counterparts $\sim\Box$, $\sim\Diamond$

Language and semantics of N4

The language of the propositional Nelson's logic (N4) is defined as

$$\mathcal{L}^{\sim} \ni \phi := p \in \text{Prop} \mid \sim\phi \mid (\phi \wedge \phi) \mid (\phi \vee \phi) \mid (\phi \rightarrow \phi)$$

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- $W \neq \emptyset$ and \leq is a partial preorder on W ,
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$$\begin{aligned} \mathfrak{M}, w \Vdash^\pm p &\iff w \in v^\pm(p) \\ \mathfrak{M}, w \Vdash^\pm \sim\phi &\iff \mathfrak{M}, w \Vdash^\mp \phi \\ \mathfrak{M}, w \Vdash^\pm \phi \wedge \chi &\iff \mathfrak{M}, w \Vdash^\pm \phi \text{ and } \mathfrak{M}, w \Vdash^\pm \chi \\ \mathfrak{M}, w \Vdash^\pm \phi \vee \chi &\iff \mathfrak{M}, w \Vdash^\pm \phi \text{ or } \mathfrak{M}, w \Vdash^\pm \chi \\ \mathfrak{M}, w \Vdash^+ \phi \rightarrow \chi &\iff \forall w' \geq w : \mathfrak{M}, w' \Vdash^+ \phi \Rightarrow \mathfrak{M}, w' \Vdash^+ \chi \\ \mathfrak{M}, w \Vdash^- \phi \rightarrow \chi &\iff \mathfrak{M}, w \Vdash^+ \phi \text{ and } \mathfrak{M}, w \Vdash^- \chi \end{aligned}$$

We say that $\phi \in \mathcal{L}^{\sim}$ is N4-*valid* if $\mathfrak{M}, w \Vdash^+ \phi$ for any N4-model \mathfrak{M} and $w \in \mathfrak{M}$.

Hilbert calculus for $N4$

The Hilbert calculus $\mathcal{H}N4$ contains the following axiom schemes and rules.

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The Hilbert calculus $\mathcal{HN4}$ contains the following axiom schemes and rules.

Int^- : Axioms for the negation-free intuitionistic logic in \mathcal{L}^\sim .

$$\sim\sim: \sim\sim\phi \leftrightarrow \phi$$

$$\text{DeM}_\wedge: \sim(\phi \wedge \chi) \leftrightarrow (\sim\phi \vee \sim\chi)$$

$$\text{DeM}_\vee: \sim(\phi \vee \chi) \leftrightarrow (\sim\phi \wedge \sim\chi)$$

$$\text{DeM}_\rightarrow: \sim(\phi \rightarrow \chi) \leftrightarrow (\phi \wedge \sim\chi)$$

$$\text{mp: } \frac{\phi \quad \phi \rightarrow \chi}{\chi}$$

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Soundness and completeness

$\mathcal{HN4}$ is sound and complete with respect to the Kripke semantics for N4.

A modal expansion of N4: CN4K

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Definition (CN4K-frames and models)

A CN4K-frame is a 6-tuple $\mathfrak{F} = \langle W, \leq, R_{\square}^+, R_{\square}^-, R_{\diamond}^+, R_{\diamond}^- \rangle$ where

- W, \leq defined as in N4-frames
- R_{\heartsuit}^{\bullet} is a binary relation on W for $\bullet \in \{+, -\}$ and $\heartsuit \in \{\square, \diamond\}$

A CN4K-model is a triple $\mathfrak{M} = \langle \mathfrak{F}, v^+, v^- \rangle$ where

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A CN4K-frame is called:

\pm -birelational if $R_{\square}^+ = R_{\diamond}^+$ and $R_{\square}^- = R_{\diamond}^-$

\bowtie -birelational if $R_{\square}^+ = R_{\diamond}^-$ and $R_{\square}^- = R_{\diamond}^+$

Υ -birelational if $R_{\square}^+ = R_{\square}^-$ and $R_{\diamond}^+ = R_{\diamond}^-$

monorelational if all the four relations coincide

Interpreting modalities

Let \mathfrak{M} be a CN4K-model and w a world in it.

$$\mathfrak{M}, w \Vdash^+ \Box\phi \iff \forall w' \geq w \forall w'' \in R_{\Box}^+(w') : \mathfrak{M}, w'' \Vdash^+ \phi$$

$$\mathfrak{M}, w \Vdash^- \Box\phi \iff \forall w' \geq w \exists w'' \in R_{\Box}^-(w') : \mathfrak{M}, w'' \Vdash^- \phi$$

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We note that \Box and \Diamond are dual to one another via \sim :

$\sim\Box\sim$ behaves like \Diamond w.r.t. R_{\Box}^- and $\sim\Diamond\sim$ like \Box w.r.t. R_{\Diamond}^-

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Persistence property

Let \mathfrak{M} be a CN4K-model, $w \leq w'$, and $\phi, \chi \in \mathcal{L}_{\Box, \Diamond}^{\sim}$. Then:

if $\mathfrak{M}, w \Vdash^+ \phi$, then $\mathfrak{M}, w' \Vdash^+ \phi$

if $\mathfrak{M}, w \Vdash^- \chi$, then $\mathfrak{M}, w' \Vdash^- \chi$

Hilbert calculi for CN4K and its extensions

We consider the following CN4K-style logics:

- CN4K: the logic of all CN4K-frames
- CN4K^{*}: the logic of all ^{*}-birelational frames for $* \in \{\pm, \Upsilon, \boxtimes\}$,
- CN4K¹: the logic of all monorelational frames.

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$$\top_{\diamond} := \sim \diamond \sim (\phi \rightarrow \phi)$$

$$\wedge_{\square} := (\square \phi \wedge \square \chi) \rightarrow \square(\phi \wedge \chi)$$

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$$\pm_{\square} := \square(\phi \rightarrow \chi) \rightarrow (\diamond \phi \rightarrow \diamond \chi)$$

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$$\boxtimes_{\square} := \square \phi \leftrightarrow \sim \diamond \sim \phi$$

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$$\mathbf{r}_{\square} := \frac{\vdash \phi \rightarrow \chi}{\vdash \square \phi \rightarrow \square \chi} \quad \mathbf{r}_{\diamond} := \frac{\vdash \phi \rightarrow \chi}{\vdash \diamond \phi \rightarrow \diamond \chi}$$

$$\mathbf{r}_{\square}^{\sim} := \frac{\vdash \sim \phi \rightarrow \sim \chi}{\vdash \sim \square \phi \rightarrow \sim \square \chi} \quad \mathbf{r}_{\diamond}^{\sim} := \frac{\vdash \sim \phi \rightarrow \sim \chi}{\vdash \sim \diamond \phi \rightarrow \sim \diamond \chi}$$

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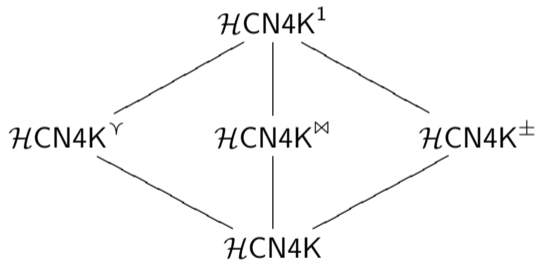
- $\mathcal{HCN4K} = \mathcal{HN4} \oplus \{\top_{\square}, \top_{\diamond}, \wedge_{\square}, \wedge_{\diamond}, \mathbf{r}_{\square}, \mathbf{r}_{\diamond}, \mathbf{r}_{\square}^{\sim}, \mathbf{r}_{\diamond}^{\sim}\}$
- $\mathcal{HCN4K}^* = \mathcal{HCN4K} \oplus \{*_{\square}, *_{\diamond}\}$
- $\mathcal{HCN4K}^1 = \mathcal{HCN4K}^{\pm} \oplus \mathcal{HCN4K}^{\Upsilon} \oplus \mathcal{HCN4K}^{\boxtimes}$

Theorem (Soundness and completeness)

Let $L \in \{\text{CN4K}, \text{CN4K}^\pm, \text{CN4K}^\gamma, \text{CN4K}^\boxtimes, \text{CN4K}^1\}$. For $\Gamma \subseteq_{\text{fin}} \mathcal{L}_{\square, \diamond}^{\sim}$ and $\phi \in \mathcal{L}_{\square, \diamond}^{\sim}$, we have $\Gamma \models_L \phi$ iff $\Gamma \vdash_{\mathcal{H}L} \phi$.

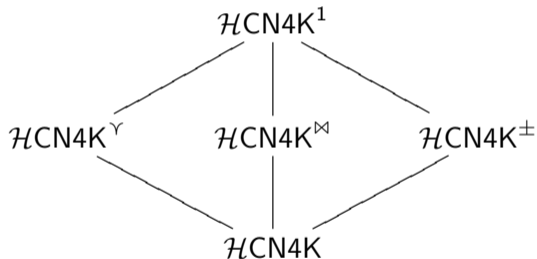
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1. $\mathcal{H}\text{CN4K}^\pm \oplus \{\boxtimes_\square, \boxtimes_\diamond\} \vdash \gamma_\square \wedge \gamma_\diamond$ and $\mathcal{H}\text{CN4K}^\gamma \oplus \{\boxtimes_\square, \boxtimes_\diamond\} \vdash \pm_\square \wedge \pm_\diamond$.
2. $\mathcal{H}\text{CN4K}^\pm \oplus \{\gamma_\square, \gamma_\diamond\} \not\vdash \boxtimes_\square$ and $\mathcal{H}\text{CN4K}^\pm \oplus \{\gamma_\square, \gamma_\diamond\} \not\vdash \boxtimes_\diamond$.

Turning to proof theory

A **sequent** is an expression of the form

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- A sequent is *L-valid* if so is its formula interpretation.

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- The *formula interpretation* of $\Gamma \Rightarrow \phi$ is $\bigwedge \Gamma \rightarrow \phi$.
- A sequent is *L-valid* if so is its formula interpretation.

► We intend to provide complete calculi for all the CN4K-style logics and make use of the calculi to show decidability.

A sequent calculus for N4: $\mathcal{GN4}$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \text{Ax} \frac{}{p, \Gamma \Rightarrow p} \quad \text{Ax}_{\sim} \frac{}{\sim p, \Gamma \Rightarrow \sim p} \\
 \\
 \text{\(\wedge\)}_l \frac{\phi, \chi, \Gamma \Rightarrow \psi}{\phi \wedge \chi, \Gamma \Rightarrow \psi} \quad \text{\(\wedge\)}_r \frac{\Gamma \Rightarrow \phi \quad \Gamma \Rightarrow \chi}{\Gamma \Rightarrow \phi \wedge \chi} \\
 \\
 \text{\(\vee\)}_l \frac{\phi, \Gamma \Rightarrow \psi \quad \chi, \Gamma \Rightarrow \psi}{\phi \vee \chi, \Gamma \Rightarrow \psi} \quad \text{\(\vee\)}_{r_1} \frac{\Gamma \Rightarrow \phi}{\Gamma \Rightarrow \phi \vee \chi} \quad \text{\(\vee\)}_{r_2} \frac{\Gamma \Rightarrow \chi}{\Gamma \Rightarrow \phi \vee \chi} \\
 \\
 \text{\(\rightarrow\)}_l \frac{\phi \rightarrow \chi, \Gamma \Rightarrow \phi \quad \chi, \Gamma \Rightarrow \psi}{\phi \rightarrow \chi, \Gamma \Rightarrow \psi} \quad \text{\(\rightarrow\)}_r \frac{\phi, \Gamma \Rightarrow \chi}{\Gamma \Rightarrow \phi \rightarrow \chi} \\
 \\
 \text{\(\sim\sim\)}_l \frac{\phi, \Gamma \Rightarrow \psi}{\sim\sim\phi, \Gamma \Rightarrow \psi} \quad \text{\(\sim\sim\)}_r \frac{\Gamma \Rightarrow \phi}{\Gamma \Rightarrow \sim\sim\phi} \\
 \\
 \text{\(\sim\vee\)}_l \frac{\sim\phi, \sim\chi, \Gamma \Rightarrow \psi}{\sim(\phi \vee \chi), \Gamma \Rightarrow \psi} \quad \text{\(\sim\vee\)}_r \frac{\Gamma \Rightarrow \sim\phi \quad \Gamma \Rightarrow \sim\chi}{\Gamma \Rightarrow \sim(\phi \vee \chi)} \\
 \\
 \text{\(\sim\wedge\)}_l \frac{\sim\phi, \Gamma \Rightarrow \psi \quad \sim\chi, \Gamma \Rightarrow \psi}{\sim(\phi \wedge \chi), \Gamma \Rightarrow \psi} \quad \text{\(\sim\wedge\)}_{r_1} \frac{\Gamma \Rightarrow \sim\phi}{\Gamma \Rightarrow \sim(\phi \wedge \chi)} \quad \text{\(\sim\wedge\)}_{r_2} \frac{\Gamma \Rightarrow \sim\chi}{\Gamma \Rightarrow \sim(\phi \wedge \chi)} \\
 \\
 \text{\(\sim\rightarrow\)}_l \frac{\phi, \sim\chi, \Gamma \Rightarrow \psi}{\sim(\phi \rightarrow \chi), \Gamma \Rightarrow \psi} \quad \text{\(\sim\rightarrow\)}_r \frac{\Gamma \Rightarrow \phi \quad \Gamma \Rightarrow \sim\chi}{\Gamma \Rightarrow \sim(\phi \rightarrow \chi)}
 \end{array}$$

Figure: Rules of $\mathcal{GN4}$, adapted from [Kamide and Wansing, 2012].

Sequent calculi for CN4K-logics

Let $\Gamma^{\square} = \{\phi \mid \square\phi \in \Gamma\}$ and $\Gamma^{\diamond\sim} = \{\sim\phi \mid \sim\diamond\phi \in \Gamma\}$ where Γ is a multiset of formulas.

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$$\begin{array}{cccc}
 \frac{\Gamma^\square \Rightarrow \chi}{\square \Gamma \Rightarrow \square \chi} & \frac{\phi \Rightarrow \chi}{\diamond \Gamma, \diamond\phi \Rightarrow \diamond\chi} & \frac{\sim\phi \Rightarrow \sim\chi}{\square \sim \Gamma, \sim\square\phi \Rightarrow \sim\square\chi} & \frac{\Gamma^\diamondsim \Rightarrow \sim\chi}{\diamond \sim \Gamma \Rightarrow \sim\diamond\chi} \\
 \frac{\diamond^\pm \Gamma^\square, \phi \Rightarrow \chi}{\diamond^\pm \Gamma, \diamond\phi \Rightarrow \diamond\chi} & \frac{\Gamma^\diamondsim, \sim\phi \Rightarrow \sim\chi}{\square \sim^\pm \Gamma, \sim\square\phi \Rightarrow \sim\square\chi} & \frac{\Gamma^\diamondsim, \phi \Rightarrow \chi}{\diamond^\gamma \Gamma, \diamond\phi \Rightarrow \diamond\chi} & \frac{\Gamma^\square, \sim\phi \Rightarrow \sim\chi}{\square \sim^\gamma \Gamma, \sim\square\phi \Rightarrow \sim\square\chi} \\
 \frac{\square^\boxtimes \Gamma^\square, \Gamma^\diamondsim \Rightarrow \chi}{\square^\boxtimes \Gamma \Rightarrow \square\chi} & \frac{\sim\phi \Rightarrow \chi}{\diamond \sim^\boxtimes \Gamma, \sim\square\phi \Rightarrow \diamond\chi} & \frac{\phi \Rightarrow \sim\chi}{\square \sim^\boxtimes \Gamma, \diamond\phi \Rightarrow \sim\square\chi} & \frac{\Gamma^\square, \Gamma^\diamondsim \Rightarrow \sim\chi}{\diamond \sim^\boxtimes \Gamma \Rightarrow \sim\diamond\chi} \\
 \frac{\diamond^1 \Gamma^\square, \Gamma^\diamondsim, \phi \Rightarrow \chi}{\diamond^1 \Gamma, \diamond\phi \Rightarrow \diamond\chi} & \frac{\square^1 \Gamma^\square, \Gamma^\diamondsim, \sim\phi \Rightarrow \sim\chi}{\square^1 \sim \Gamma, \sim\square\phi \Rightarrow \sim\square\chi} & \frac{\diamond^{1,\boxtimes} \Gamma^\square, \Gamma^\diamondsim, \sim\phi \Rightarrow \chi}{\diamond^{1,\boxtimes} \Gamma, \sim\square\phi \Rightarrow \diamond\chi} & \frac{\square^{1,\boxtimes} \Gamma^\square, \Gamma^\diamondsim, \phi \Rightarrow \sim\chi}{\square^{1,\boxtimes} \sim \Gamma, \diamond\phi \Rightarrow \sim\square\chi}
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We define the following calculi:

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 \end{array}$$

We define the following calculi:

$$\begin{aligned}
 \mathcal{GCN4K} &= \mathcal{GN4} \oplus \{\square, \diamond, \square\sim, \diamond\sim\} & \mathcal{GCN4K}^\gamma &= \mathcal{GN4} \oplus \{\square, \diamond^\gamma, \square^\gamma, \diamond\sim\} \\
 \mathcal{GCN4K}^\pm &= \mathcal{GN4} \oplus \{\square, \diamond^\pm, \square^\pm, \diamond\sim\} & \mathcal{GCN4K}^\boxtimes &= \mathcal{GN4} \oplus \{\square^\boxtimes, \diamond, \diamond^\boxtimes, \square\sim, \square^\boxtimes, \diamond^\boxtimes\} \\
 \mathcal{GCN4K}^1 &= \mathcal{GN4} \oplus \{\square^\boxtimes, \diamond^1, \diamond^{1,\boxtimes}, \square^1, \square^{1,\boxtimes}, \diamond^\boxtimes\}
 \end{aligned}$$

Example

Proposition

For any formula ϕ and Γ , sequent $\Gamma, \phi \Rightarrow \phi$ is provable in \mathcal{GL} .

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We show that axiom \boxtimes_{\square} is provable in $\mathcal{GCN4K}^{\boxtimes}$.

$$\begin{array}{c}
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 \overline{\phi \Rightarrow \phi} \\
 \sim\sim_r \frac{\phi \Rightarrow \phi}{\phi \Rightarrow \sim\sim\phi} \\
 \diamond\boxtimes_{\sim} \frac{\phi \Rightarrow \sim\sim\phi}{\square\phi \Rightarrow \sim\diamond\sim\phi} \\
 \rightarrow_r \frac{\square\phi \Rightarrow \sim\diamond\sim\phi}{\Rightarrow \square\phi \rightarrow \sim\diamond\sim\phi} \\
 \wedge_r \frac{\Rightarrow \square\phi \rightarrow \sim\diamond\sim\phi}{\Rightarrow (\square\phi \rightarrow \sim\diamond\sim\phi) \wedge (\sim\diamond\sim\phi \rightarrow \square\phi)}
 \end{array}
 \qquad
 \begin{array}{c}
 \overline{\phi \Rightarrow \phi} \\
 \sim\sim_l \frac{\phi \Rightarrow \phi}{\sim\sim\phi \Rightarrow \phi} \\
 \square\boxtimes \frac{\sim\sim\phi \Rightarrow \phi}{\sim\diamond\sim\phi \Rightarrow \square\phi} \\
 \rightarrow_r \frac{\sim\diamond\sim\phi \Rightarrow \square\phi}{\Rightarrow \sim\diamond\sim\phi \rightarrow \square\phi}
 \end{array}
 \end{array}$$

Cut-admissibility

The following rules are height-preserving admissible in \mathcal{GL} :

$$\text{weakening } \frac{\Gamma \Rightarrow \chi}{\phi, \Gamma \Rightarrow \chi}$$

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Further results

Completeness: if $L \models \bigwedge \Gamma \rightarrow \phi$, then $\mathcal{GL} \vdash \Gamma \Rightarrow \phi$.

Decidability: validity in CN4K and its extensions is decidable.

To sum up

In this work, we have obtained the following results:

- proposed a family of paraconsistent counterparts of the constructive modal logic CK
- provided sound and complete Hilbert-style axiomatization
- presented modular cut-free sequent calculi
- showed cut-admissibility and then decidability via the calculi

To sum up

In this work, we have obtained the following results:





- proposed a family of paraconsistent counterparts of the constructive modal logic CK
- provided sound and complete Hilbert-style axiomatization
- presented modular cut-free sequent calculi
- showed cut-admissibility and then decidability via the calculi

Topics for future research:

- complexity of the decision problem: PSPACE?
- calculi supporting countermodel construction
- similar logics with specific frame conditions between \leq and R^\pm
- extensions defined by properties of the accessibility relations that characterize the epistemic, doxastic, or deontic interpretation of the modalities

Thanks for your attention!

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Paraconsistent Constructive Modal Logic

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Czech Gathering of Logicians & Beauty of Logic @ Prague, 4th Feb, 2026